Probability, 170B, Winter 2017, UCLA		Instructor: Steven Hellman
Name:	UCLA ID:	Date:
Signature:(By signing here, I certify that I		le refraining from cheating.)

Mid-Term 1

This exam contains 7 pages (including this cover page) and 5 problems. Check to see if any pages are missing. Enter all requested information on the top of this page.

You may *not* use your books, notes, or any calculator on this exam. You are required to show your work on each problem on the exam. The following rules apply:

- You have 50 minutes to complete the exam, starting at the beginning of class.
- If you use a theorem or proposition from class or the notes or the book you must indicate this and explain why the theorem may be applied. It is okay to just say, "by some theorem/proposition from class."
- Organize your work, in a reasonably neat and coherent way, in the space provided. Work scattered all over the page without a clear ordering will receive very little credit.
- Mysterious or unsupported answers will not receive full credit. A correct answer, unsupported by calculations, explanation, or algebraic work will receive no credit; an incorrect answer supported by substantially correct calculations and explanations might still receive partial credit.
- If you need more space, use the back of the pages; clearly indicate when you have done this. Scratch paper appears at the end of the document.

Do not write in the table to the right. Good luck!^a

Problem	Points	Score
1	8	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
Total:	48	

 $[^]a\mathrm{July}$ 19, 2017, © 2017 Steven Heilman, All Rights Reserved.

- 1. Label the following statements as TRUE or FALSE. If the statement is true, **explain** your reasoning. If the statement is false, **provide a counterexample and explain** your reasoning.
 - (a) (2 points) Let $A_1, A_2, ...$ be subsets of a sample space Ω . Let **P** denote a probability law on Ω . Then

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbf{P}(A_n) = \mathbf{P}\left(\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n\right)$$

TRUE FALSE (circle one)

(b) (2 points) Let X be a continuous random variable. Let f_X be the density function of X. Then, for any $t \in \mathbf{R}$, $\frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{P}(X \leq t)$ exists, and

$$\frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{P}(X \le t) = f_X(t).$$

TRUE FALSE (circle one)

(c) (2 points) Let A_1, A_2, \ldots be subsets of a sample space Ω . Let **P** denote a probability law on Ω . Then

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \mathbf{P}(A_n) = \mathbf{P}\left(\cup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n\right)$$

TRUE FALSE (circle one)

(d) (2 points) $[0,1] = \bigcap_{j=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{j}, 1 + \frac{1}{j}\right)$. TRUE FALSE (circle one) 2. (10 points) Let X and Y be nonnegative random variables. Recall that we can define

$$\mathbf{E}X := \int_0^\infty \mathbf{P}(X > t) dt.$$

Assume that $X \leq Y$. Conclude that $\mathbf{E}X \leq \mathbf{E}Y$.

3. (10 points) Let X be a uniformly distributed random variable on [-1,1]. Let $Y := X^4$. Find f_Y . (Here f_Y denotes the density function of Y.)

4. (10 points) Let X,Y be independent random variables. Suppose X has moment generating function

$$M_X(t) = 1 + t^4, \quad \forall t \in \mathbf{R}.$$

Suppose Y has moment generating function

$$M_Y(t) = 1 + t^2, \quad \forall t \in \mathbf{R}.$$

Compute
$$\mathbf{E}[(X+Y)^2]$$
.

5. (10 points) Let 0 . Suppose you have a biased coin which has a probability <math>p of landings heads, and probability 1 - p of landing tails, each time it is flipped. Also, suppose you have a fair six-sided die (so each face of the cube has a distinct label from the set $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$, and each time you roll the die, any face of the cube is rolled with equal probability.)

Let N be the number of coin flips you need to do until the first head appears. Now, roll the fair die N times. Let S be the sum of the results of the N rolls of the die.

Compute $\mathbf{E}S$.

(Scratch paper)