Please provide complete and well-written solutions to the following exercises.

Due October 12, in the discussion section.

## Homework 1

**Exercise 1.** Using the De Moivre-Laplace Theorem, estimate the probability that 1000000 coin flips of fair coins will result in more than 501,000 heads. (Some of the following integrals may be relevant:  $\int_{-\infty}^{0} e^{-t^2/2} dt / \sqrt{2\pi} = 1/2, \int_{-\infty}^{1} e^{-t^2/2} dt / \sqrt{2\pi} \approx .8413, \int_{-\infty}^{2} e^{-t^2/2} dt / \sqrt{2\pi} \approx .9772, \int_{-\infty}^{3} e^{-t^2/2} dt / \sqrt{2\pi} \approx .9987.$ 

Casinos do these kinds of calculations to make sure they make money and that they do not go bankrupt. Financial institutions and insurance companies do similar calculations for similar reasons.

**Exercise 2.** Let X and Y be nonnegative random variables. Recall that we can define

$$\mathbf{E}X := \int_0^\infty \mathbf{P}(X > t) dt.$$

Assume that  $X \leq Y$ . Conclude that  $\mathbf{E}X \leq \mathbf{E}Y$ .

More generally, if X satisfies  $\mathbf{E}|X| < \infty$ , we define  $\mathbf{E}X := \mathbf{E} \max(X,0) - \mathbf{E} \max(-X,0)$ . If X,Y are any random variables with  $X \leq Y$ ,  $\mathbf{E}|X| < \infty$  and  $\mathbf{E}|Y| < \infty$ , show that  $\mathbf{E}X \leq \mathbf{E}Y$ .

**Exercise 3.** Using the definition of convergence, show that the sequence of numbers

$$1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, \dots$$

converges to 0.

**Exercise 4** (Uniqueness of limits). Let  $x_1, x_2, ...$  be a sequence of real numbers. Let  $x, y \in \mathbf{R}$ . Assume that  $x_1, x_2, ...$  converges to x. Assume also that  $x_1, x_2, ...$  converges to y. Prove that x = y. That is, a sequence of real numbers cannot converge to two different real numbers.

**Exercise 5.** Let X be a uniformly distributed random variable on [-1,1]. Let  $Y := X^2$ . Find  $f_Y$ .

**Exercise 6.** Let X be a uniformly distributed random variable on [0, 1]. Let Y := 4X(1-X). Find  $f_Y$ .

**Exercise 7.** Let X be a uniformly distributed random variable on [0,1]. Find the PDF of  $-\log(X)$ .

**Exercise 8.** Let X be a standard normal random variable. Find the PDF of  $e^X$ .

**Exercise 9.** Let X, Y, Z be independent standard Gaussian random variables. Find the PDF of  $\max(X, Y, Z)$ .

**Exercise 10.** Let X be a random variable uniformly distributed in [0,1] and let Y be a random variable uniformly distributed in [0,2]. Suppose X and Y are independent. Find the PDF of  $X/Y^2$ .